

# STATEMENT OF BELIEFS

The Bible, the Word of God, contains all the statements of belief we hold to. Below is a summary of some of the foundational beliefs revealed in the Bible.



## 1. THE BIBLE

We believe that the Bible is the infallible and authoritative word of God. The Bible was written by holy people of God who were inspired by him (*Exodus 34:27-28; Jeremiah 30:1-2; Habakkuk 2:2; Acts 1:16; 2 Timothy 3:16-17; 2 Peter 1:19-21; Revelation 1:1-3*). We therefore believe that the whole Bible in the original text is without error. The Bible consists of the 39 Old Testament books and the 27 New Testament books, making a total of 66 books. The Bible has supreme authority in all matters of faith, how we live, history, science and anything else it teaches (*Psalms 119; Proverbs 2; Acts 17:10-11; Colossians 3:16; 1 Timothy 4:16; 2 Timothy 3:16-17; 4:2-5; Hebrews 4:12; James 1:22-25; 2 Peter 3:15-18*).

## 2. GOD

We believe there is only one God (*Deuteronomy 6:4; Isaiah 43:10; 45:5-6; Mark 12:29*) who eternally exists in 3 persons:

- God the Father (*Isaiah 63:16; 64:8; John 6:27; Colossians 3:17; 2 Peter 1:17*).
- God the Son (*Isaiah 9:6; Matthew 1:22-23; John 1:1-14; 8:48-59; 20:27-29; Philippians 2:5-11; Colossians 2:8-9; Hebrews 1:1-8; Revelation 1:8 cf. 22:12-21*).
- God the Holy Spirit (*Acts 5:1-4; 2 Corinthians 3:17-18*).

We believe that each is fully God yet each is personally distinct from each other (*Matthew 28:19; 2 Corinthians 13:14*) and each has various roles.

We believe that God's unique attributes and character are shown, amongst other things, by the fact that he is eternal (*Genesis 21:33; Psalm 90:1-2; 93:1-2; Hebrews 9:13-14; Revelation 1:8; 22:12-21*), infinite in power (*Job 42:1-2; Jeremiah 32:17; Matthew 19:26; Romans 1:20*), infinite in knowledge (*Psalms 139:1-16; 147:5; Hebrews 4:13; 1 John 3:19-20*), infinite in presence (*Psalms 139:7-12; Proverbs 15:3; Jeremiah 23:23-24*), infinite in love (*Psalms 100:5; Romans 5:7-8; 1 John 3:16; 4:7-16*), righteous and just (*Psalm 9:16; 11:7; 89:14; Romans 2:1-11; 3:21-26; Revelation 19:1-2*), holy (*Psalm 99:9; Revelation 4:8*) and the creator of all things (*Genesis 1; 2; John 1:1-3; Acts 4:24; Colossians 1:15-17*).

## 3. JESUS CHRIST

We believe in the Lord Jesus Christ who is God (*Isaiah 9:6; Matthew 1:22-23; John 1:1-14; 8:48-59; 20:27-29; Philippians 2:5-11; Colossians 2:8-9; Hebrews 1:1-8; Revelation 1:8 cf. 22:12-21*), and who is the eternal Son of God (*Matthew 3:13-17; 16:13-20*). To become human, Jesus Christ was conceived by the Holy Spirit and born of the virgin Mary (*Isaiah 7:14; Matthew 1:18-25; Luke 1:26-38; 2:1-7*), so that the two natures (the nature of God and a sinless human nature) were united in one Person – truly God and truly human (*Matthew 21:18; 26:36-46; John 1:1-18; 2 Corinthians 5:17-21; Philippians 2:5-11; Hebrews 2:5-18; 7:23-28; 1 Peter 2:22*).

## 4. THE HOLY SPIRIT

We believe in the Holy Spirit, who is God (*Acts 5:1-4; 2 Corinthians 3:17-18*). The Holy Spirit is sent by the Father and Son to achieve their divine purpose in the world and in the church (*John 14:15-17, 25-26; 15:26-27; 16:5-15; 1 Corinthians 12; 1 John 4:13*).

## 5. THE FALL OF MANKIND

We believe that men and women were created in the image of God (*Genesis 1:26-31; 5:1-2; 9:6*) to have a loving relationship with him and to obey him (*Ecclesiastes 12:13; Matthew 22:34-40; Acts 17:26-28; 1 Corinthians 8:6; 10:31; Colossians 3:17*). However mankind's relationship with God was broken as a result of rebellion towards him, also known as sin (*Genesis 2:15-17; 3; Isaiah 59:1-3; 64:6-7; Romans 3:23; 5:12-21*). As a result of this all people are spiritually dead (*Genesis 2:15-17; Romans 3:9-18, 23; 6:23; Ephesians 2:1-5*), under Satan's dominion and control (*Matthew 13:24-30, 36-43; John 8:42-47; Ephesians 2:1-2; 1 John 3:8-10; 5:19*), subject to God's wrath, condemnation and eternal death (*Genesis 3; Romans 1:18-32; 5:12-21; 6:23; Ephesians 5:6; 2 Thessalonians 1:5-9*) and all experience physical death (*Genesis 3:19; Romans 5:12-14*). Also, as a result of sin, all of God's creation is suffering (*Genesis 3:17-19; Romans 8:19-23*).

## 6. THE PLAN OF SALVATION

We believe that all people can have their relationship with God restored (reconciliation), having their sins forgiven and its effect cancelled, because of Jesus Christ's sinless life, sacrificial death on the cross as our substitute, and bodily resurrection to conquer sin and death (*Isaiah 52:13-53:12; Mark 10:45; Luke 23; 24; Romans 3:21-26; 4:22-*

25; 5; 1 Corinthians 15:1-23; 2 Corinthians 5:14-21; Colossians 1:15-23; 1 Thessalonians 4:13-14; Hebrews 2:5-18; 7:23-28; 9:11-28; 1 Peter 2:21-25; 3:18). After his bodily resurrection (Matthew 28:1-9; Luke 24:36-44; John 2:18-22; Acts 2:27-31), Jesus Christ ascended into heaven (Luke 24:50-53; Acts 1:1-11) and there intercedes for us at the Father's right hand until his second coming (Matthew 26:64; Acts 2:33-35; 7:55-56; Romans 8:34; Hebrews 4:14-16; 7:23-8:7; 9:24).

We believe that in order to receive forgiveness of our sins and have eternal life we must sincerely repent of our sins and believe (or have faith) in the Lord Jesus Christ – to believe in who he claimed he was and in what he did for us (Mark 1:14-15; Luke 5:31-32; 24:45-47; John 3:16-18; 5:24; 6:35-40,47; 8:24; 11:25-27; 17:1-3; 20:30-31; Acts 2:37-38; 20:17-21; Romans 1:16-17; 3:21-26; 5:1; 6:23; 10:9-13; Hebrews 6:1; 1 John 4:15; 5:1-13). Then our relationship with God is restored.

We believe that our reconciliation with God is not through any good works of our own, but solely on the basis of God's gracious gift of salvation in Jesus Christ through faith (Romans 3:20-31; 4; 5:1-2; 1 Corinthians 1:20-21; Galatians 2:15-21; 3; Ephesians 2:8-9; Titus 3:4-8). Our good works are the fruit and evidence of our faith and an act of obedience and love to God, with whom our relationship has been restored (John 14:15,21; 15:1-17; Acts 26:19-20; Romans 7:4; Ephesians 2:8-10; 5:8-9; Titus 3:4-8; James 2:14-26; 1 John 2:1-6; 3:4-10; 5:3,18).

We believe that the people who lived before the coming of Jesus Christ were justified by God (declared to be just or right) through their faith in God and in his promises, which pointed to the coming and redemptive work of the Messiah (Jesus Christ) (Genesis 3:15; 12:1-3; 15:1-6; 22:15-18; [Deuteronomy 18:15-19 cf. Acts 3:14-26; 7:37,51-53]; Psalm 2; Isaiah 52:13-53:12; Joel 2:28-32; Habakkuk 2:4; Luke 24:24-27; John 5:39-47; 8:37-58; Acts 3:17-26; 10:43; 26:22-23; Romans 1:1-3; 3:21-30; 4; 16:25-27; 1 Corinthians 10:1-4; Galatians 3; Hebrews 4:1-2; 10:1-18; 11). They were not justified by their works (Romans 3:20-31; 4; 8:1-4; 9:30-10:13; Galatians 2:15-21; 3; Philippians 3:2-9; Hebrews 7:11-28; 9:6-10; 10:1-18), but their faith was confirmed through their works (Romans 4:9-12; Hebrews 11; James 2:14-26).

We believe that this principle of salvation by faith and not by works continues today (Romans 3:21-31; 4; Galatians 3), through our faith in the person and work of the Lord Jesus Christ and not by our works, but our faith is confirmed through our works. So the people who lived before the coming of Jesus Christ put their faith in God and in his promises, looking forward, in faith, to the coming of the Messiah, and those who live after the coming of Jesus Christ put their faith in God and in his promises, looking back, in faith, to the finished redemptive work of the Messiah.

## **7. THE OLD AND NEW COVENANTS**

We believe that the law God gave to Moses for the people of Israel (also known as the Law of Moses, or the Old Covenant, and is found throughout Exodus 19-40; Leviticus 1-27; Numbers 1-36 and Deuteronomy 1-34) was not given to offer eternal life (Acts 13:38-39; 15:1-11; Romans 3; 4; 8:1-17; 9:30-10:13; Galatians 2:15-21; 3; Philippians 3:2-9; Hebrews 2:2-3; 7:11-28; 9:9-10; 10:1-18), but was given to govern the life and worship of the nation of Israel (Exodus 19:1-6; Leviticus 26:46; Deuteronomy 6:1-3,20-25; 10:12-13), to define, reveal and deal with sin, therefore showing the extent of man's depravity (Romans 3:19-20; 4:13-15; 5:13,20-21; 7:5-25; 8:2; Galatians 3:19-23; Hebrews 10:3-4; James 2:8-13), and to point to the necessary coming and redemptive work of Jesus Christ ([Deuteronomy 18:15-19 cf. Acts 3:14-26; 7:37,51-53]; Matthew 5:17-20; Luke 16:16-17; 24:44-47; John 5:46-47; Romans 5:20-21; 8:1-4; 10:4; Galatians 3:19-4:7; Colossians 2:16-17; Hebrews 8; 9; 10:1-18).

As a result of Jesus Christ's coming, sacrificial death and resurrection he fulfilled the Law of Moses, so that God's people are no longer under the authority of the Law of Moses but are now under the authority of the New Covenant (Matthew 5:17; 27:50-51; Luke 24:44-49; Acts 15:1-29; Romans 3:21-31; 6:14-15; 7:1-6; 8:1-4; 10:4; 1 Corinthians 9:20; 2 Corinthians 3:4-18; Galatians 2:11-21; 3; 4:1-11,21-31; 5; 6:11-16; Ephesians 2:11-18; Colossians 2:11-17; Hebrews 7:11-28; 8; 9; 10:1-18; 12:24). The New Covenant is also known as the law of Jesus Christ (1 Corinthians 9:21; Galatians 6:2), the law of God (1 Corinthians 9:21), the law of liberty (James 1:25; 2:12) or the law of the Spirit (Romans 7:1-6; 8:1-17; 2 Corinthians 3:4-8). Under the New Covenant, God's laws are written on our hearts and in our minds (Jeremiah 31:31-34; Hebrews 8:8-12; 10:15-17) through the work of the Holy Spirit (Romans 2:28-29; 7:1-6; 8:1-17; 2 Corinthians 3:6-18; Galatians 5:16-26; 6:8-10). The main principles of the New Covenant are to love God and to love your neighbour, which fulfil the Law of Moses, and the application of this principle of love is found throughout the Bible (Matthew 5:17-48; 7:12; 22:34-40; Mark 12:28-34; John 13:33-35; 14:15-24; 15:12-17; Romans 8:1-4; 13:8-10; 1 Corinthians 13; Galatians 5:1-6,13-26; 6:2; James 2:8; 1 John 3:11-24; 4:7-5:3; 2 John 5-6).

## **8. THE NEW LIFE AND THE WORK OF THE HOLY SPIRIT**

We believe that the Holy Spirit is present in the world making people aware of their need for Jesus Christ, leading them to personal faith in him as Lord and Saviour (John 15:26-27; 16:7-11; Romans 15:18-19; 1 Corinthians 2:2-5).

The Holy Spirit lives in each person from the moment they believe, or have faith, in Jesus Christ (*John 7:37-39; Acts 11:15-18; Romans 8:9-11; 1 Corinthians 12:3,12-13; Galatians 3:14; Ephesians 1:13-14*) – this is also known as being baptised with the Holy Spirit (*Matthew 3:11; Mark 1:7-8; Luke 3:15-17; John 1:29-34; Acts 1:1-11; 2:1-4; 10:44-48; 11:15-18*).

Working within the life of the believer the Holy Spirit confirms their restored relationship with God (*Romans 8:14-17; 1 John 3:23-24; 4:7-13*), guides them into all truth (*John 14:15-17,25-26; 15:26-27; 16:5-15; 1 Corinthians 2:6-16; 1 John 2:26-27*), gives spiritual gifts to every believer for the growth of God's kingdom (*Acts 2:16-18; Romans 12:3-8; 1 Corinthians 12; Ephesians 4:11-16; Hebrews 2:4; 1 Peter 4:10-11*), and works in each believer to produce the fruits of righteousness (*Acts 1:8; Romans 8:1-11; 2 Corinthians 3:18; Galatians 5:22-23; Ephesians 3:14-17; 1 Peter 1:1-2*).

To be filled with the Spirit is to allow God's Spirit to take control of your life and is shown by our obedience to God and the work that God does through us. We are commanded to be continually filled with the Spirit – we must continually surrender our lives to the control of the Spirit within us (*Luke 1:67; 4:1-2; Acts 2:1-4; 4:8,31; 6:3-5; 7:55; 13:9-10; Ephesians 5:18-21*).

The person who repents of their sin and believes in the Lord Jesus Christ is:

- Justified – declared to be just or righteous by God (*Romans 1:16-17; 3:21-28; 4; 5; 8:30-34; 10:9-10; 1 Corinthians 6:11; Galatians 2:15-21; 3:6-14,24; Philippians 3:8-9*).
- Holy (sanctified) – set apart for God (*1 Corinthians 1:2,30; 3:17; 6:11; Colossians 1:21-22; 2 Thessalonians 2:13; Hebrews 3:1; 10:10; 13:12*). The believer also grows in holiness – this is known as progressive sanctification (*Romans 6:12-19; 2 Corinthians 3:18; 7:1; Ephesians 4:11-16; 5:25-27; Colossians 2:6-7; 1 Thessalonians 4:3-4; 5:23; 1 Peter 1:14-16*).
- Regenerated – made into a new person (*Romans 6:3-11; 2 Corinthians 5:17; Colossians 3:9-10; Titus 3:5*).
- Adopted into God's family (*John 1:12-13; Romans 8:15-17; Galatians 3:26; 4:4-7; Ephesians 1:3-5; 2:19*).
- Guaranteed of their salvation through the witness of the Holy Spirit in them (*Romans 8:14-17; 2 Corinthians 1:21-22; 5:1-5; Ephesians 1:13-14*).

So in this new life, the Holy Spirit empowers the believer to live a life that is holy, fruitful, obedient and pleasing to God. A new person is formed – the old has gone, the new has come (*2 Corinthians 5:17*).

## **9. SIN AND THE NEW LIFE**

We believe that after we have experienced the new life, it is possible to fall into sin. As Christians, we still retain the sin nature in this life but we are no longer in slavery to it (*Romans 6; 7:15-25; Galatians 5:16-17; Titus 3:3-7*). By God's grace, any Christian who has sinned will find forgiveness and restoration after they genuinely repent (*Matthew 6:9-15; 1 Timothy 4:1,16; 1 John 1:8-2:2; Revelation 2:1-5*).

## **10. BAPTISM**

We believe that water baptism was instituted by Jesus Christ for all Christians to obey, by total immersion in water, in the name of the Father, Son and Holy Spirit. Baptism is a public declaration of our faith in Jesus Christ as Lord and Saviour (*Matthew 28:18-20; John 3:22; Acts 8:35-38; 10:43-48*).

## **11. THE LORD'S SUPPER**

We believe that the Lord's Supper was instituted by Jesus Christ for all Christians to obey. It is to be celebrated with the elements of bread and drink (the "fruit of the vine") by believers in Jesus Christ until the end of the age. The elements of the Lord's Supper are symbols of Jesus Christ's body and blood, reminding us of his sacrificial death on the cross as our substitute, resurrection and second coming. The bread also symbolises the unity of the church (*Matthew 26:26-29; Mark 14:22-25; Luke 22:14-20; 1 Corinthians 10:16-17; 11:17-34*).

## **12. THE CHURCH**

We believe that the church is the body of people whom God has separated from the world through faith in Jesus Christ as their Lord and Saviour (*Romans 12:4-8; 1 Corinthians 12; Ephesians 1:22-23; 2; 3:6; 4:11-16; 5:29-30; Colossians 1:18,24; 3:15*). This is a universal church comprising many local churches in various localities each exercising autonomous government under the headship of Jesus Christ (*Acts 9:31; 1 Corinthians 16:19; Ephesians 5:23-24; Colossians 1:15-18; 1 Peter 5:1-4*). Jesus Christ set the mission for the church – to make disciples of all nations, baptising them and teaching them to obey all that he has commanded (*Matthew 28:18-20; Acts 1:6-8*). Believers achieve this mission individually and collectively through the use of their spiritual gifts, time, energy and resources and through the means of worship, prayer, teaching, evangelism, encouragement, mutual accountability and community with each other (*Acts 2:41-47; 4:32-37; 1 Corinthians 12; Ephesians 4:11-16; Hebrews 10:24-25*).

### **13. THE SECOND COMING OF JESUS CHRIST**

We believe that Jesus Christ will return again to Earth personally, physically and visibly just as he promised, to be the Judge of the living and the dead (*Matthew 16:27-28; 24; 25; John 14:1-3; Acts 1:6-11; 1 Thessalonians 4:13-5:11; 2 Thessalonians 1:5-12; Hebrews 9:27-28; Revelation 1:4-7; 22:6-21*).

### **14. THE RESURRECTION, FINAL JUDGEMENT AND ETERNAL STATE**

We believe that our eternal destination of either Heaven or Hell is determined by our response to the Lord Jesus Christ (*John 3:16,18,36; 5:24; 6:25-40*). After physical death our bodies decay. The spirits and souls of those who believe in the Lord Jesus Christ for salvation pass immediately into his presence, but the spirits and souls of the unbelieving remain conscious of condemnation and in misery (*2 Kings 2:11-12; Matthew 22:32; Luke 16:19-31; 23:39-43; Acts 7:54-60; 2 Corinthians 5:6-9; Philippians 1:19-24; James 5:19-20; 1 Peter 1:8-9*). At the end of the age there will be a resurrection of all people and they shall be reunited with new bodies and appear before the throne of God for judgement. Those who do not believe in the Lord Jesus Christ will be condemned to eternal conscious punishment in Hell separated from the presence of God, but believers will be rewarded with eternal life in Heaven with God (*Daniel 12:1-2; Matthew 10:26-33; 25:31-46; Mark 9:42-48; John 5:22-29; 6:39-40; 14:1-7; Acts 24:15; Romans 8:20-23; 1 Corinthians 15:35-57; 2 Corinthians 4:13-14; 5:1-10; Philippians 3:20-21; 1 Thessalonians 4:13-18; 5:23; 2 Thessalonians 1:5-10; Hebrews 9:27-28; 2 Peter 3:1-13; 1 John 3:2; Jude 6-7,14-15; Revelation 20:11-15; 21; 22:1-5*).

### **15. ANGELS**

We believe that angels are created, spiritual beings (*Colossians 1:16; Hebrews 1:13-14*). Angels were created to serve, obey and worship God (*2 Chronicles 32:20-21; Psalm 103:20-21; 148:2; Hebrews 1:6; Revelation 5:11-12; 7:11-12*) and minister to God's people (*2 Kings 6:8-19; Psalm 91:11-12; Daniel 6:19-22; Acts 10:1-8; 12:1-11; Hebrews 1:13-14*).

We believe that all angels were at one time holy, but when Satan rebelled against God many other angels fell with him (*Ezekiel 28:11-19; 2 Corinthians 11:14; 1 Timothy 3:6; 2 Peter 2:4; Jude 6; Revelation 12:1-9*). Fallen angels are called demons or evil/unclean spirits (*Matthew 8:16,28-29; 12:43-45; Luke 8:2; 2 Peter 2:4; Revelation 16:13-14*) and are led by Satan (*Luke 11:14-18; Revelation 12:1-9*). Satan and his angels are the enemies of both God and man (*Genesis 3:1-15; Zechariah 3:1-2; Matthew 12:43-45; 13:24-30,36-43; Mark 5:1-20; John 8:44-45; 2 Corinthians 4:4; Ephesians 6:10-20; 1 Peter 5:8-9; Revelation 12*). At the end of the age Satan and his angels will be condemned to eternal conscious punishment in Hell (*Matthew 25:41; Jude 6-7; Revelation 20:7-10*).

### **16. MARRIAGE**

We believe that God designed marriage to be the lifelong union between one man and one woman and that sex occurs within this union (*Genesis 1:26-28; 2:18-25; Matthew 19:1-6; 1 Corinthians 7:1-5; Ephesians 5:31*). Sex outside of this standard is considered to be sin (*[Genesis 18:20-21 cf. 19:1-29]; Genesis 39:6-10; Proverbs 5: 7; Matthew 5:27-32; Mark 10:2-12; Romans 1:24-28; 7:2-3; 1 Corinthians 5; 6:9-20; Galatians 5:19-21; Ephesians 5:3-5; 1 Timothy 1:8-11; Hebrews 13:4*). However, like those involved in other sin, a sexually immoral person who sincerely repents of their sin and accepts Jesus Christ as their Lord and Saviour will have a restored relationship with God, and will be empowered by the Holy Spirit to live a fulfilling life that is holy, fruitful, obedient and pleasing to God (*Matthew 7:24-27; John 10:7-10; 14:25-26; 15:10-11; 16:7-15; 1 Corinthians 6:9-11; Galatians 5:22-24; Titus 2:11-14; 1 John 1:9; Revelation 2:18-23*).

We believe that God created man and woman in his image, equal before him as persons (*Genesis 1:26-31; 5:1-2; 9:6; Galatians 3:28*) yet distinct in their manhood and womanhood. God designed man and woman to have complementary roles in marriage. He designed man to carry the responsibility of headship (or leadership) in marriage and he designed woman to be a helper to the man and to submit to him in marriage. However, because of sin, our nature has become corrupted and these roles have been abused or neglected. Husbands should avoid harsh or selfish leadership and grow in love and care for their wives, and wives should avoid resistance to their husband's authority and grow in willing, joyful submission to their husband's leadership (*Genesis 2:7,15-25; 3:1-20; Proverbs 31:10-31; 1 Corinthians 11:3,7-9; Ephesians 5:22-33; Colossians 3:18-19; 1 Timothy 3:4,12; Titus 2:1-5; 1 Peter 3:1-7*).

### **17. CHURCH LEADERSHIP**

We believe that just as God created man and woman to have distinct roles within marriage, He also created man and woman to have distinct roles within the church. The blessing of salvation is equally available to both men and women (*Acts 2:16-21; Galatians 3:26-28; 1 Peter 3:7*), nevertheless some governing, leadership, teaching and preaching roles within the church are assigned to men only, such as Elders, Deacons, and any other role where governance or teaching over men is involved (*Acts 6:1-6; 1 Corinthians 11:2-16; 14:33-36; 1 Timothy 2:8-15; 3:1-13; Titus 1:5-9; 2:3-5*).

We believe that God's ideal church government is found in the mutually submissive operation of a plurality of Biblically qualified and spiritually gifted male Elders (also known as overseers, pastors or shepherds) in an autonomous local church. Their main responsibilities are to govern, lead, shepherd, oversee all affairs of, and care for, the church. They are the church's primary teachers and preachers (*Acts 11:29-30; 14:23; 15:1-35; 16:4-5; 20:17-35; Ephesians 4:11-16; Philippians 1:1; 1 Timothy 3:1-7; 5:17-22; Titus 1:5-9; James 5:14; 1 Peter 5:1-5*).

We believe that Deacons are men who are Biblically qualified and spiritually gifted to oversee and administer the charitable welfare needs of the church. They must fulfil their duties in co-operation with, and in subjection to, the Elders (*Acts 6:1-6; Philippians 1:1; 1 Timothy 3:8-13*).

## **18. CREATION**

We believe that God is the creator of all things (*Genesis 1; 2; Jeremiah 32:17; John 1:1-3; Acts 4:24; Colossians 1:15-17*). Since all Scripture is inspired by God (*2 Timothy 3:16-17; 2 Peter 1:19-21*) and God is infinitely powerful (*Job 42:1-2; Jeremiah 32:17; Matthew 19:26; Luke 1:37*), we believe in the Genesis account of creation, and that it is to be accepted literally and not figuratively. Mankind was created directly in God's own image and after his own likeness (*Genesis 1:26-31; 5:1-2; 9:6*) and not in the image of another animal or through evolutionary change of species or by any other process not mentioned in the Genesis account. All animal and plant life was made directly by God, and God's established law was that they should bring forth only "after their kind". The days in the Genesis account of creation do not correspond to long ages but are six consecutive twenty-four hour days of creation (*Genesis 1; 2; Exodus 20:8-11; Nehemiah 9:6; Jeremiah 10:12; Acts 17:23-26; Hebrews 11:3*). A correct understanding of creation and the subsequent fall into sin by Adam and Eve (the first humans) are essential in understanding the foundational doctrines found in the Bible such as marriage, death and disease, the meaning of life and the gospel of Jesus Christ.



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